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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/005,259	12/04/2001	Keiji Hayashi	2803.66027	2802	
75	90 05/05/2004		EXAMINER		
Patrick G. Burns, Esq. GREER, BURNS & CRAIN, LTD. Suite 2500 300 South Wacker Dr.			LUEBKE,	LUEBKE, RENEE S	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2833		
Chicago, IL 6	0606		DATE MAILED: 05/05/2004	4	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summer:	10/005,259	HAYASHI ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Renee S. Luebke	2833			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	S		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely, the mailing date of this commur D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.		
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08 M.	arch 2004.				
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☒ This	action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	·		rits is		
Disposition of Claims			,		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1.3-8.10-22 and 28 is/are pending in the shape of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ☐ Claim(s) 1.3-8.10-22 and 28 is/are rejected.  7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.		· /		
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		* *		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stag	je		
Attachment(s)	Λ □ 154 · •	(DTO 442)			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)     Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Ll Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3/04 & 12/01.		atent Application (PTO-152)	)		

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Pending claims

Initially it is noted that, contrary to applicant's listing of claims submitted March 8, 2004, claims 23-27 and 29-52 are not in a withdrawn status. They were cancelled in applicant's amendment of May 28, 2003. If applicant wishes any of these claims to be considered at some time in the future, they must be added and renumbered in the appropriate manner. Presently, only claims 1, 3-8, 10-22 and 28 are pending in the application.

## Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement filed December 4, 2001 was not considered because it failed to comply with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(2), which requires a legible copy of each U.S. and foreign patent; each publication or that portion which caused it to be listed; and all other information or that portion which caused it to be listed. It has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered.

Despite applicant's assertions, no copies of the listed documents are presently found in the file. A search has been requested for the alleged missing documents, but has not yet yielded any results. Applicant is kindly requested to resubmit the listed documents for consideration.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 3-5 and 7 are 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Sekiguchi et al. (US 4,978,890).

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Sekiguchi et al. discloses a backlight comprising a discharge tube 10, a reflector 20, and a non-metal, adhesive heat conduction member 70 attached/adhered to said reflector in contact with a part of said discharge tube, so that a part of said discharge tube is locally cooled by said heat conduction member and adhered to the discharge tube;

a heat radiation member 30 provided in contact with at least one of said heat conduction member and said reflector;

an electrically controllable cooling member 50 is provided in contact with said reflector.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 10-22 and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sekiguchi, et al.

Regarding claims 10, 12-15, 18, 20-22 and 28, Sekiguchi et al. discloses a backlight comprising a discharge tube;

a reflector 20;

wherein said discharge tube has electrodes 17a at opposite ends thereof, and said first position is located within a range spaced apart by 10D or by at least 0.25L from a tip of said electrode at each end of said discharge tube, where an inner diameter of said discharge tube is D and a distance between the electrodes at opposite ends of said discharge tube is L (Fig. 2);

wherein said cooling device comprises a heat conduction member 70 positioned to come into contact with said first position of said discharge tube, or positioned in the proximity of said first position of said discharge tube;

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wherein said cooling device includes a cooling capacity varying mechanism 50;

wherein said cooling device includes a movable heat conduction member 70 ("movable" only requires ability to move).

Sekiguchi, et al does not explicitly disclose that the mercury is used in the fluorescent lamp. However, mercury is well known in the art for use in fluorescent lamps. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use mercury in the fluorescent lamp since it was commonly used and thus readily available.

Regarding claims 11 and 19, Sekiguchi et al. discloses the invention substantially as claimed, but does not disclose a light guide plate nor blowing means. Both features are well-known in the art (*See*, Spec., Page 1, Line 22; Sekiguchi et al., Column 1, Lines 23-27). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a light guide plate and blowing means to increase light intensity while maintaining acceptable ambient temperatures.

Regarding claim 16, Sekiguchi et al. discloses the invention substantially as claimed, but does not disclose the discharge tube comprising a carbon nanotube. Carbon nanotubes are a well-known electron emission source used for discharge tubes. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a carbon nanotube to allow for miniaturization of the backlight structure.

Regarding claim 17, Sekiguchi et al. discloses the invention substantially as claimed, but does not disclose the cooling device comprising a chromic material. Chromium is a known material with conductive properties. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to choose a chromic material for the cooling device because of its conductive properties to allow for efficient heat dissipation.

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Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sekiguchi et al. in view of Loda et al.

Sekiguchi et al. discloses the invention substantially as claimed, but does not disclose the material exhibiting a cooling function *by phase transition*. Loda et al. teaches a phase transition cooling mechanism. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a material exhibiting a cooling function by phase transition for efficient cooling.

Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Davis (US 3,777,199) in view of Sekiguchi.

Davis discloses a backlight comprising a plurality of discharge tubes (Column 6, Line 3), a reflector 30 covering said discharge tubes for reflecting light radiated from said discharge tubes, and blowing means 36 for blowing air to a part of said discharge tubes between said discharge tubes but does not teach a reflector. Sekiguchi et al. teach a reflector. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to include a reflector in the Davis structure so that it could be used as a backlight.

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed March 8, 2004 have been fully considered, but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that Sekiguchi et al. fails to meet the limitation "wherein said heat conduction member is adhered to at least one of said discharge tube and said reflector." However, the heat conduction member 70 is adhered to the discharge tube 10, meeting this limitation. "Adhere" simply means to be stuck to, and member 70 is stuck to the discharge tube (see fig. 2).

Regarding Applicant's argument that Sekiguchi et al. does not teach a collection of mercury, use of mercury in fluorescent lamps is well known (the

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rejection has been changed to "obviousness") and it is inherent that when mercury is in a cold spot it will be in liquid form as recited in claims 10 and 22.

Applicant's other arguments are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection of some of the claims.

### Conclusion

Any response to this action may be mailed to:
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

or faxed to: (703) 872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mrs. Renee Luebke at (571) 272-2009. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mrs. Paula Bradley, can be reached at (571) 272-2800, extension 33.

AMM October 29, 2003

> RENEE LUEBKE PRIMARY EXAMINER